



Dedicated/shared/virtual hosting which may be non-compliant to law enforcement requests

.COM



Forums

Online bulletin boards used as meeting places and markets by cybercriminals to sell products/ services





Domain Services

Provision of generic and countrycode Top Level Domains (gTLDs and ccTLDs)

VPN / Proxy Services

Anonymising services which masks a user's original IP address and can encrypt their internet traffic





Currency Exchange

Exchange between virtual and other (virtual or fiat) currencies





A money-laundering service which hides a virtual currency financial trail by pooling and redistributing clients funds



Secure Communications

Secure (e.g. encrypted, un-logged) email and/or instant messaging



Cross-Crime Factors

The Cybercrime Dependencies Map is designed to outline the key products and services within the digital underground and to highlight how and to what degree these products and services are DEPENDENT on each other to operate. For example, Mule Herding has a HIGH DEPENDENCY on the availability of Mules.

Several products or services are commonly required by many other services in order for them to operate. These have been collected under Cross-Crime Factors. Where one of these Cross-**Crime Factors** has been assessed as being of *HIGH* or MEDIUM importance to some of the key products/services it has been allocated an icon in order to annotate the appropriate product/ service.

Mouse over the arrows to see the level of dependency between products and/or services.

